Investigación cultural #1: Canvas

Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
1 PAGE	 Investigación cultural #1: Foreign Language Learning GOAL OF INVESTIGACIONES: The overall goal of these projects is to help you develop a deeper understanding of myriad cultures via the synthesis of and engagement with intercultural and intracultural online content. These investigaciones are framed by the American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages standards that stress the importance of language learners to "interact with cultural competence and understanding" and to "investigaciones are projectives of the cultures studied" (n.d.). Goal for Investigación #1 You will improve your critical thinking skills by analyzing, synthesizing and personally/professionally engaging with online content from articles, videos and web pages related to foreign language learning. Objectives You will: complete listing, multiple choice, survey and writing activities in this module related to online content about foreign language learning. demonstrate your understanding of motivations and tips to language learning, study abroad opportunities and pragmatics by synthesizing and personalizing this online content via writing prompts in this module. write a mechanically-sound summative reflection paper in English about foreign language learning that includes an introduction and conclusion and that both synthesizes and personalizes the content presented in each paso (step). 	Investigación cultural #1 banner image (created by Kimberly Stafford) + alt text ACTFL Link: https://www.actfl.org/
	Next	
2 Quiz	IC #1: Paso 1A Take the Survey	

Screen #	Content (Text on Scre	een)	Graphic Description or Links
3 Quiz	IC #1: Paso 1A Question 1 Review the list of the <i>Top Ten Reasons</i> the following website: http://www.studyspanish.co htm. Next, read the expanded descript ten reasons in the order of importance most important to you and #10 is the I you). Type your reordered list in the sp Submit Quiz → Next	om/topten_reasons. tions and rank those to you (#1 is the east important to	Top Ten Reasons to Learn Spanish link: <u>http://studyspanish.com/topten</u> <u>reasons</u>
4 Survey	IC #1: Paso 1B Take the Survey		
5 Survey	IC #1: Paso 1B Question 1 Read the expanded descriptions of the <u>Top Ten Reasons to Learn</u> if the following is <u>new information</u> to you, confirms information from information (you thought) you knew. # 10 - Learning Spanish is necessary to keep pace with popular culture. # 9 - Learning Spanish is actually a medical device! # 8 - For many, learning Spanish is rapidly becoming a business necessity. # 7 - Spanish, Spanish everywhere. # 6 - Learning Spanish will (truly) expand your universe. # 5 - Knowing Spanish will completely transform your travel experience. # 4 - Knowing how to speak Spanish will enable you to help others. # 3 - There are reasons to learn language for language's sake. # 2 - Learning Spanish will allow you to better appreciate Hispanic cultural contributions. # 1 - Learning Spanish is fun! Submit Quiz → Next		http://studyspanish.com/topten reasons
6	IC#1: Paso 1C		
Quiz	Take the Survey		

Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
IC#1: Paso 1C	Top Ten Reasons to Learn
Question 1 In the previous paso of the <i>Top Ten Reasons to Learn</i> <i>Spanish</i> , you indicated if the ten items were new information to you, confirmed information you already knew or differed from information (you thought) you knew. In four-five sentences, discuss what was either new information for you or was information that you had not previously considered. How does that content enhance or impact your language learning?	Spanish link: http://studyspanish.com/topten reasons
Question 2 In the space below, summarize/synthesize the information from the <i>Top Ten Reasons to Learn Spanish</i> . Then, explain how three-four of those reasons will impact your approach to learning the language.	
Question 3 What motivates you to learn Spanish? Add two-three personal and/or professional motivations <u>NOT</u> in the <i>Top</i> <i>Ten Reasons</i> list and explain how these motivations might impact your approach to learning the language. Submit Quiz → Next	
Take the Survey	
IC#1: Paso 2A (Pre)	
Question 1 Have you ever learned a language? Yes No Unsure	
Question 2 So far, you have considered various reasons to learn Spanish. In your opinion, what does <i>learning</i> a foreign language entail? (What does it <i>look like</i> when someone has learned a foreign language?)	
	IC#1: Paso 1C Question 1 In the previous paso of the Top Ten Reasons to Learn Spanish, you indicated if the ten items were new information to you, confirmed information you already knew or differed from information (you thought) you knew. In four-five sentences, discuss what was either new information for you or was information that you had not previously considered. How does that content enhance or impact your language learning? Question 2 In the space below, summarize/synthesize the information from the Top Ten Reasons to Learn Spanish. Then, explain how three-four of those reasons will impact your approach to learning the language. Question 3 What motivates you to learn Spanish? Add two-three personal and/or professional motivations <u>NOT</u> in the Top Ten Reasons list and explain how these motivations might impact your approach to learning the language. Submit Quiz → Next IC#1: Paso 2A (Pre) Question 1 Have you ever learned a language? Yes No Unsure Question 2 So far, you have considered various reasons to learn <td< td=""></td<>

	Some students new to a foreign language believe they lack the aptitude necessary, for example, to learn Spanish well. Do you consider yourself one of those students? ○ Yes ○ No ○ Unsure Question 4 In your opinion, is it possible for an adult learner to achieve near-native fluency in a foreign language? ○ Yes ○ No ○ Unsure Submit Quiz → Next	
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description
		or Links
10 Page	IC #1: Paso 2A, Brain-Based Research Motivations to learning a foreign language (FL) stemming from brain-based research. Dr. Harriet Bowden, an	Brain image (from Creative Commons) + alt text Heritage Language Learner link:
	associate professor in the department of Modern Foreign Languages at The University of Tennessee, conducts research on adult language learning and the ways the brain processes languages. In a recent study ¹ she found that as language learners continue to study a foreign language and gain proficiency in the language, their brains begin to process the foreign language in the same way as the brains of heritage speakers and native-speakers. This implies that non-native adult language learners have the capacity to achieve near-native-like processing of the FL. ¹ Bowden, H. W., Steinhauer, K., Sanz, C. & Ullman, M. T. (2013). Native- like brain processing of syntax can be attained by university foreign language learners." <i>Neuropsychologia</i> , <i>51</i> (13), 2492-2511. Next	http://www.cal.org/heritage/pd fs/briefs/Who-is-a-Heritage- Language-Learner.pdf

Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
12	IC#1: Paso 2A	
Quiz	Question 1 After reading about Dr. Bowden's research findings on the previous screen, do you believe that someone must have an inherent aptitude to succeed in foreign language learning? O Yes O No O Unsure	
	Question 2 In what specific ways will Dr. Bowden's research impact your personal approach to foreign language learning? Submit Quiz → Next	
13 Quiz	IC#1: Paso 2B (Pre) Take the Survey	
14 Quiz	IC#1: Paso 2B (Pre) Question 1 In the first paso of this investigación cultural, you explored ten reasons to learn Spanish. You then learned that adults beginning their study in a foreign language (FL) have the capability of achieving near-native fluency. What do you suppose might be a physical benefit to learning a FL? Submit Quiz → Next	
15	IC #1: Paso 2B, Brain-Based Research	Brain image 2 (from Creative
Page	Bilingualism . Read the brief article in the link below that appeared in brainfacts.org and reports on unforeseen benefits to gaining proficiency in a foreign language.	Commons) + alt text The Bilingual Brain link: <u>http://www.brainfacts.org/sensi</u>
	The Bilingual Brain	ng-thinking- behaving/language/articles/200
	On a piece of paper, you may wish to make note of the specific advantages those with a bilingual brain enjoy and to consider how these multiple benefits pertain specifically to you as a language learner.	8/the-bilingual-brain/
	Perry, S. (2013). The Bilingual Brain. Retrieved from http://www.brainfacts.org/sensing-thinking- behaving/language/articles/2008/the-bilingual-brain/	
	Next	

Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
16	IC#1: Paso 2B	
Quiz	Take the Quiz	
17 Quiz	IC#1: Paso B Question 1 As Kim Potowski states in <i>No Child Left Monolingual</i> , well over 65% of individuals worldwide are bilingual or multilingual (polyglots). According to <i>The Bilingual</i> <i>Brain</i> article you just read, what percentage of those in the United States speak a language other than English in the home? ○ 80% ○ 21% ○ 40% ○ 95% Potowski, K. (2013, May 5). <i>No child left monolingual: Kim Potowski at</i> <i>TEDxUofiChicago</i> . Retrieved from https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pSs1uCnLbaQ&t=198s Question 2 List what you consider to be the five most salient points of <i>The Bilingual Brain</i> article. Then, share what you consider to be the most interesting and why. Question 3 According to <i>The Bilingual Brain</i> , what are two specific advantages those with a bilingual brain enjoy and how do these benefits pertain specifically to you as a language learner? Optional Content OPTIONAL: Watch <i>The Benefits of a Bilingual Brain</i> (5:03) below: Submit Quiz → Next	Potowski link: https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=pSs1uCnLbaQ&t=198s The Bilingual Brain link: http://www.brainfacts.org/sensi ng-thinking- behaving/language/articles/200 8/the-bilingual-brain/ Benefits link: https://www.youtube.com/watc h?v=MIMmOLN5zBLY&t=68s
18	IC#1: Paso 3, Tips for Language Learning (Articles)	Partially-opened door (image from Creative Commons)
Page	 Secrets/Tips for Successful Language Learning. Read the following three articles. Make note of any overlapping or similar concepts across the three. Additionally, consider which tips may benefit you the most as a foreign language learner. How to Learn a New Language: 7 secrets from TED Translators 	How to Learn link: <u>http://blog.ted.com/how-to-</u> <u>learn-a-new-language-7-secrets-</u> <u>from-ted-translators/</u> 12 Rules link:

		http://tim.blog/2014/02/21/ba
	 12 Rules for Learning Foreign Languages in Record Time The Best Way to Learn a New Language 	http://tim.blog/2014/03/21/ho w-to-learn-a-foreign-language- 2/
	Click "Mark as done" in the upper right corner once you have read the articles.	The Best Way link: https://blog.thelinguist.com/bes
	Next	<u>t-way-to-learn-a-new-language</u>
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
19	IC#3: Paso 3	
Quiz	Take the Survey	
20 Quiz	 IC#3: Paso 3 Question 1 What are three key tips that overlap or are present in the following articles? For example, do all three authors address attitude? If so, what do they recommend? How to Learn a New Language: 7 secrets from TED Translators 12 Rules for Learning Foreign Languages in Record Time The Best Way to Learn a New Language Question 2 List then describe at least three tips that resonate with you. What advice is most relevant/significant for you personally? Which tips do you see yourself employing to make your language learning successful? Why? For additional tips (not required reading), please visit the following site: 22 Tips For Learning A Foreign Language Submit Quiz → Next 	How to Learn link: http://blog.ted.com/how-to- learn-a-new-language-7-secrets- from-ted-translators/ 12 Rules link: http://tim.blog/2014/03/21/ho w-to-learn-a-foreign-language- 2/ The Best Way link: https://blog.thelinguist.com/bes t-way-to-learn-a-new-language
21 Page	IC #1, Paso 4, FL Learning in a Classroom (Intro) Do you play an instrument or a sport? Do you lift weights? Do you know how to cook or perhaps garden? Do you draw, paint or sculpt? Do you dance? Do you play videogames? Do you write? Whatever hobby, skill or talent you have, do you remember the first time you attempted it? Are you better now than your first attempt or has your skill improved	Image of Atlas (Source image from: <u>https://pixabay.com/en/atlas-</u> <u>titan-world-cyprus-ayia-napa-</u> <u>1969922/</u> and edited by Kimberly Stafford)

22 Page	IC#1: Paso 4 Instructions The quotes that follow are from Carl Rogers, an influential twentieth century U.S. psychologist and advocate of a student-centered approach to learning. In what ways may Carl Rogers' quotes be applied specifically to your language learning in and outside of the classroom? DISCUSSION. How does each quote apply to you	TEACHER-CENTERED STUDENT-CENTERED
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
	¹ Referred to as the <i>Atlas Complex</i> , many educators historically viewed their role (and many educators still view their role) as "the center of the classroom, supporting the entire burden of responsibility for the course on their own shoulders" (Finkel & Monk, 1983). Next	
	There is no Atlas ¹ that can pour knowledge into your head while you remain passive or sit idly by. Click <mark>"Mark as done"</mark> in the upper right corner once you have read this screen in its entirety.	
	Chances are your skill has improved with dedication, practice and time. It is also likely that you did not improve because somebody else practiced for you. Learning a language or any other skill is not achieved by somebody "teaching" you vocabulary, for example. While having coaching or guidance helps you improve, you must be the one to do or to practice your skill. No coach or teacher can ever learn for you.	
	with practice? Was somebody else able to practice for you while you simultaneously benefited from improved skill? (You go on to lunch and I'll learn these guitar chords for you.)	

Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
23	IC#1: Paso 4	
Quiz	The quotes that follow are from Carl Rogers, an influential twentieth century U.S. psychologist and advocate of a student-centered approach to learning. In what ways may Carl Rogers' quotes be applied specifically to your language learning in and outside of the classroom?	TEACHER-CENTERED STUDENT-CENTERED
	DISCUSSION. How does each quote apply to you personally as you consider your role as a learner in the foreign language (FL) classroom? (You may wish to consider preparation before each class as well.)	Original source image from: https://pixabay.com/en/director y-wood-shield-signposts- 973993/
	What do the following quotes by Carl Rogers mean to you personally as you consider your role as a learner in the foreign language classroom?	(Edited by Kimberly Stafford)
	<i>"A person cannot teach another person directly; a person can only facilitate another's learning."</i> ¹	
	"Learning is facilitated when the student participates responsibly in the learning process." ²	
	"Much significant learning is acquired through doing." 2	
	"Self-initiated learning which involves the whole person of the learner—feelings as wells as intellect—is the most lasting and pervasive." ²	
	¹ Rogers, C. (1951). <i>Client-centered therapy, its current practice, implications, and theory</i> (The Houghton Mifflin psychological series). Boston: Houghton Mifflin.	
	² Rogers, C., & Freiberg, H. Jerome. (1994). <i>Freedom to learn</i> (3rd ed.). New York: Maxwell Macmillan International.	
	Submit → Next	
24	IC#1, Paso 5, Study Abroad	1 in 10 Image from the Institute
Page	Next	of International Education
25	IC#1, Paso 5A, Study Abroad	Screen shot image of all graphics
Page	When you click on the following link, you will see multiple infographics about study abroad. Hover over the first infographic and click. Then, use the arrows to scroll through the content and view each infographic individually. Subsequent questions will draw from the content in those images.	from the Institute of International Education IIE Link: <u>https://www.iie.org/Research-</u> and-Insights/Open-Doors/Fact-

	https://www.iie.org/Research-and-Insights/Open- Doors/Fact-Sheets-and-Infographics/Infographics Next	<u>Sheets-and-</u> Infographics/Infographics
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
26	IC#1: Paso 5A	IIE Link:
Quiz	Instructions Use the data you explored in the infographics from the Institute of International Education to complete the activities that follow. Take the Quiz	<u>https://www.iie.org/Research-and-Insights/Open-Doors/Fact-Sheets-and-Infographics/Infographics</u>
27	IC#1: Paso 5A	IIE link:
Quiz	Question 1 Using the data you explored in the infographics from the following website, select the information that correctly completes each statement. (Matching activity) https://www.iie.org/Research-and-Insights/Open- Doors/Fact-Sheets-and-Infographics/Infographics	https://www.iie.org/Research- and-Insights/Open-Doors/Fact- Sheets-and- Infographics/Infographics
	host(s) 11% of U.S. study abroad students.	
	host(s) 16% of U.S. study abroad students.	
	was contributed to the U.S. economy by international students in 2014-2015.	
	% of U.S. study abroad students are hosted by Spain.	
	In 2015-2016, there was a% increase over the prior year in the number of international students in the U.S.	
	international students studied at U.S. colleges and universities in 2015-2016.	
	U.S. undergraduates study/studies abroad before graduating.	
	host(s) over half of U.S. study abroad students.	
	The majority of U.S. study abroad students study	
	is the country in Latin (Central) America that hosts the most U.S. study abroad students.	
	Next	

Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
Question 2 According to the following infographic, what area of the world hosts the largest percentage of U.S. study abroad students? What three-four reasons do you believe students select that region over those destinations of 1%, 2% or 3%? Explain your rationale.	IIE Image (seen at left)
HOST REGIONS OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS 10% North America 16% Latin America & Caribbean 16% Latin America & Caribbean 10% 2% Middle East & North Africa 3% Sub-Saharan Africa Much Saharan Africa Much	
PRIMARY SOURCE OF FUNDING FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS IN THE U.S. Personal & family Personal & family 0 U.S. college or university 170% U.S. college or university 170% 0 Current or university 7% 0 Current employment 7% 7% 0 Current employment 7% 0 Current employment 7% 0 Current employment 7% 0 Current employment 7% 0 Current employment 7% 0 Current employment 0 Current employment 0 Current employment 0 Current 0 Current employment 0 Current 0 Current	IIE Image (seen at left)
	Augustion 2 According to the following infographic, what area of the world hosts the largest percentage of U.S. study abroad students? What three-four reasons do you believe students select that region over those destinations of %, 2% or 3%? Explain your rationale. DST REGIONS OF U.S. STUDY ABROAD STUDENTS Morth America 10% Aga a Caribbean 20% Audu East & North Africa 4% Ceania Africa Composed of the Super Half of U.S. study abroad students . Extreme to students over half of U.S. study abroad students . Next PINARY SOURCE OF FUNDING FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS IN THE U.S. Next PINARY SOURCE OF FUNDING FOR INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS IN THE U.S. Study abroad students in 2014 /15. (Succe US Department or university 7% \$35.8.9.billion was contributed to the U.S. economy britemational students in 2014/15. (Succe US Department of 7%) \$35.8.9.billion was contributed to the U.S. economy britemational students in 2014/15. (Succe US Department of 7%)

	foreign language learner, discuss personal/professional opportunities these students provide you while at The University of Tennessee and after. NOTE: You may wish to revisit your responses for Paso 3 (Tips for Foreign Language Learning) and Paso 4 (Language Learning in a Classroom) of this <i>investigación</i> . The synthesis of concepts and ideas is your aim for maximum points. Next	
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
30 Quiz	For additional information (especially concerning how international students offset tuition costs for resident students), please see:	Link for International students: Where they come from and what they study
	International students: Where they come from and what they study Submit Quiz → Next	https://journalistsresource.org/s tudies/society/education/intern ational-college-student-visa- asia-stem?utm_source=JR- email&utm_medium=email&ut m_campaign=JR-email
31	IC#1: Paso 5B	
Quiz	Take the Survey	
32	IC#1: Paso 5B	
Quiz	Revisit your responses for Paso 3 (Tips for Foreign Language Learning) and Paso 4 (Language Learning in a Classroom) of this investigación. Be sure to include relevant information from those <i>pasos</i> in the discussion that follows.	
	UT's Modern Foreign Languages and Literatures Department offers a study abroad program for second- year Spanish in Santander, Spain, and there are programs at the Spanish 300 and 400 level in Costa Rica and in Alicante, Spain. Go to <u>http://studyabroad.utk.edu/</u> to learn about which of these programs you might personally consider. Note that there are additional semester or year- long programs in countries all over the world!	
	Reflect on the cultural, linguistic, personal, and professional advantages of participating in a study abroad program yourself.	
	Submit Quiz → Next	

Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
33 Page	IC #1, Paso 6A, What About Culture? Language learning is more than gaining linguistic knowledge. We cannot divorce language from its culture. The "ball" image here should trigger one reason why language and culture are intimately connected. Next	Chalkboard image with football and soccer ball (created by Kimberly Stafford) + alt text
34 Quiz	IC#1: Paso 6A Take the Survey	
35 Quiz	IC#1: Paso 6A Question 1 Language learning is more than gaining linguistic knowledge. We cannot divorce language from its culture. The "ball" image here should trigger one reason why language and culture are intimately connected. What is your take away from the ball image? Can you think of other ways in which language and culture are connected? How do these considerations affect your language learning process? Submit Quiz → Next	Chalkboard image with football and soccer ball (created by Kimberly Stafford) + alt text
36 Page	IC#1, Paso 6B, What About Culture? Steven Pinker, a Harvard psychologist and linguist, talks about how context is important to communication. He mentions the difficulty of programming context in a computer, but also considers how differing cultural backgrounds (another kind of context) might come into play in communicative misunderstandings. View his three- minute video here: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VKbp4hEHV-s Next	Harvard linguist and psychologist, Pinker, on <i>context</i> link: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watc</u> <u>h?v=VKbp4hEHV-s</u> + alt text cc available
37 Quiz	IC#1: Paso 6B Take the Survey	
38 Quiz	IC#1: Paso 6B (Pinker video embedded) Question 1	Harvard linguist and psychologist, Pinker, on <i>context</i> link:

	In your own words, type three-four sentences summarizing the content of Pinker's video in the space below. What examples does he provide to explain his point(s)? Question 2 Whether you are practicing Spanish in a classroom, on campus, off campus or abroad in the near or distant future, what relevance does Pinker's concept of <i>context</i> have for you personally and/or professionally? You may wish to consider the previous pasos of this investigación as you formulate your discussion. Submit Quiz → Next	https://www.youtube.com/watc h?v=VKbp4hEHV-s cc available				
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links				
39 Page	Your Reflection Paper on Foreign Language Learning What is a reflection paper ? Your goal with this reflection paper is to synthesize the concepts and content of the previous <i>pasos</i> related to foreign language learning and to discuss in detail how this content is applicable to you personally and professionally.	Link to wikiHOW to write a reflection paper: <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Write</u> <u>-a-Reflection-Paper</u>				
	Investigación cultural #1: In Paso 1 you focused on motivations/reasons to learn Spanish and in paso 2, you learned a little about how the brain works in language learning and some of the cognitive benefits associated with it. In pasos 3, 4, and 5, you considered different ways of learning Spanish, from personal and class effort to study abroad immersion programs and in paso 6, you began to explore the relationship between culture and language.	Link to .pdf of rubric (even though it is embedded in the activity)				
	Review your submissions in this module and think about the significance of these sources to language learning. In your reflection paper, you should:					
	 Synthesize the information. Discuss your comprehension of the information from the sources in each paso. Personalize the information. Detail how the content in each paso can be applied to your personal learning of Spanish. How does the content relate to you personally/professionally? 					
	Click here to review the rubric that will be used to score your reflection paper. Then, continue to the next screen					

	to review the pre-writing checklist. This list will help you get started writing your paper. Click "Mark as done" in the upper right corner once you have read the above. Next	
Screen #	Content (Text on Screen)	Graphic Description or Links
40	IC #1 Reflection Paper: Pre-writing checklist	Link to rubric
Page	Before you begin:	Link to university honor
	 Understand that you must write this reflection paper in English. Review the goal and objectives for Investigación 	statement: <u>http://catalog.utk.edu/content.</u> <u>php?catoid=14&navoid=1305%2</u> <u>0-%20hono stat#hono stat</u>
	 cultural #1 at the beginning of this module. Read the rubric that will be used to grade this reflection paper. 	Link to rubric
	 Read the university's honor statement which includes information about plagiarism. 	
	 Remember that a grade of A reflects exceptional, not marginal or minimal work. 	
	 Since sources are informally provided in the instructions, you only need to source any direct quotes or ideas from the ideas and/or videos by using the last name of the author/speaker. 	
	 It is not necessary to use additional sources from those provided in this module. 	
	Mechanics of the paper:	
	 Provide a meaningful title for your paper. <i>Investigación 1</i>, for example, is not a meaningful title. 	
	 Do not number sections of the paper as if responding individually to paso 1, paso 2, etc. 	
	 Make sure your paper has an introduction and conclusion. Again, review the rubric to know how you will be scored. 	
	 Use standard 1" margins, Times New Roman, 12- point font and double space. 	
	 Remember that this is an academic paper. Use correct capitalization, grammar, punctuation, and 	

	spelling. Proofread your completed paper before uploading it to Canvas.	
	Click <mark>"Mark as done"</mark> in the upper right corner once you have read the above.	
	Next	
41	Investigación cultural #1 Reflection Paper	
Assignment	Submit Assignment	
	Points 100 Submitting a file upload File Types doc, docx, and pdf	
	Rubric for Investigación cultural #1 Reflection Paper.pdf	
	Submit your Investigación cultural #1 Reflection Paper here.	

Investigación cultural	Grading Rubric												Points
Introduction Threshold: 10 pts	Exceeds expectations: Clear roadmap provided; clear expectations included based on objectives or prior knowledge 10 pts		•		Almost Meets Expectations: Clear road map provided; no expectations included 5 pts		Does Not Meet Expectations: Does not prepare reader for content that follows 3 pts		Does eader	No introduction 0 pts			10 pts
Critical Thinking / Synthesis Threshold: 36 pts	6/6 Pasos 36 pts	5/6 Pa: 30 pts		4/6 Paso 24 pts	S	3/6 Pasos 18 pts		2/6 Pasos 12 pts		1/6 Pasos 6 pts		0/6 Pasos 0	36 pts
Level of Engagement / Personalized Threshold: 36 pts	6/6 Pasos 36 pts	5/6 Pas 30 pts		4/6 Paso 24 pts	S	3/6 Pasos 18 pts		2/6 Pasos 12 pts				0/6 Pasos 0	36 pts
Conclusion Threshold: 10 pts	Exceeds expectations: Provides closure as well as overall insights learned 10 pts	Ex Pr lin ins	Meets Expectations: Provides closure; limited overall insights learned 8 pts		Almost Meets Expectations: Provides closure; no insights learned 5 pts		Does Not Meet Expectations: Neither synthesizes nor provides insights 3 pts		No conclusion O pts			10 pts	
Writing Mechanics Threshold: 8 pts				mechanica	nechanical errors errors; 4-6 n		5 mechanical has no		cceptable: Writer not proofread paper iciently s			8 pts	
												I	100

Introduction: An introduction is included that provides a clear road map to the paper as well as identifies expectations for the experience, readings, and/or viewings at the start based on objectives or prior knowledge <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Write-a-Reflection-Paper</u>

Critical Thinking/Synthesis: Displays high level of critical thinking and synthesis skills. Figuratively or literally presents deeper questions or formulates hypotheses. Displays or expresses the ability to suspend judgment.

Level of Engagement/Personalized: Describe in writing how this online content applies or relates to you personally/professionally by giving personalized and purposeful examples.

Conclusion: A conclusion is included that provides closure to the paper as well as overall insights learned from the assignment <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Write-a-</u><u>Reflection-Paper</u>

Writing Mechanics: Writing is of high quality, with no more than one mechanical error